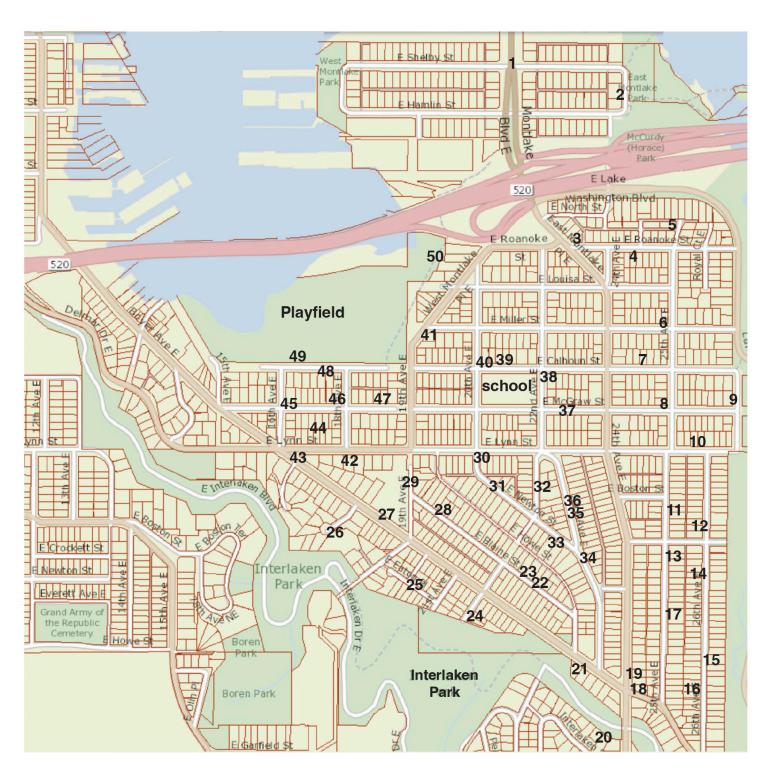
Montlake Tree Tour



Seattle's Montlake neighborhood features rich tree diversity. This tour is an introduction to what grows here in the spring of 2025. Space constraints force a *small* selection of trees, without any of those in forested Interlaken Park and Washington Park Arboretum. The map is from King County;

Montlake resident Arthur Lee Jacobson chose and wrote about the trees. For tour input or queries, or to obtain Jacobson's book *Trees of Seattle*, contact him at 2400 E Boston St, unit 211; (206) 328–TREE (no texting); e-mail ALJ@consultant.com

1 Lindens

10 Littleleaf Linden (*Tilia cordata*) street-trees are S of Montlake Bridge, mostly on the west side [also 12 street-trees are N of Montlake School]. 8 Bigleaf Linden (*Tilia platyphyllos*) street-trees are S of Montlake Bridge, mostly on the east side. From Europe. Their creamy flowers smell sweet in June.

2 Spring-flowering Tamarisk

(Tamarix parviflora)

2817 East Park Drive has one in its SE corner 23' tall. Tiny, fluffy pink flowers in April. From SE Europe to Israel.

3 Kobus Magnolia

(Magnolia Kobus)

East Montlake Place & Roanoke. Brick house built in 1926 from a Sears Roebuck kit—Montlake's only such house. Tree 37' tall; Japan; Kobushi コブシ.

4 Olive Tree

(Olea europæa)

2411 Roanoke: a street-tree planted 2015, now 13' tall and Montlake's largest, west of a Bay Laurel.

5 Russian Olive Tree

(Elæagnus angustifolia)

2611 25th has 3 old trees, the tallest 25'. Sweetly fragrant June flowers. Deciduous and dark-barked unlike the original Olive Tree.

6 Vesuvius Purpleleaf Plum Tree

(Prunus 'Vesuvius')

Miller, W of 25th, a street-tree, N side. Montlake's lone example of this Luther Burbank hybrid sold since 1907. Not the same as 'Krauter's Vesuvius'.

7 Medlar

(Mespilus germanica)

2420 Calhoun: 2 small street-trees. From Europe, they grow slow, are floppy. White spring flowers make brown fruit ripening in November.

8 Coast Redwood

(Sequoia sempervirens)

25th & McGraw, NW corner, 126' tall. From the foggy coast of California. Over 100 years old, one in Interlaken Park towers around 190' tall.

9 Dwarf Bald Cypress

(Taxodium distichum 'Pévé Minaret') 26th, N of McGraw, a street-tree, 20' tall. Possibly Seattle's largest specimen of this rare Dutch clone.

10 Texas Redbud

(Cercis canadensis ssp. texensis)

2510 Lynn has a street-tree. Roundish glossy leaves. From S Oklahoma into Texas. [2 regular Redbud street-trees at 2532 Lynn] See also #40.

11 Kaki Persimmon Tree

(Diospyros Kaki)

2018 25th: a yard tree 23' tall. From China; Japan's national fruit (\mathfrak{D} +). Glossy foliage; handsome fall color. Montlake's best example of this species.

12 Wedding Cake Tree

(Cornus controversa 'Variegata')

2007 & 2011 26th: 2 street-trees. Flowers white, in June. Tiered foliage of beautiful white and green.

13 Douglas Fir

(Pseudotsuga Menziesii)

1964 25th: 114' tall. Along with #50 (but see #23 & #26), the only native Seattle species on this tour. About as big any in Montlake, but the arboretum and Interlaken have many larger, older specimens.

14 Scarlet Oak

(Quercus coccinea)

1953 26th: 2 street-trees, the taller 103½'. Planted some 50 years ago by a resident tired of too many little street-trees such as flowering plums, cherries and hawthorns. From the east USA.

15 Stripebark Maple

(Acer Davidii 'Serpentine')

1770 26th. From China. An elegant little tree, its bark striped, branches slender. Stands S of a larger Red Maple; a bigger Silk Tree looms E of it.

16 Lawson Cypress

(Chamacyparis Lawsoniana 'Ellwoodii') 1743 26th: a pair, the taller 53'—the largest ever recorded anywhere. 'Ellwoodii' is a dwarf Lawson Cypress AKA Port Orford Cedar, from SW Oregon.

17 Pink Dogwood

(Cornus florida f. rubra)

1922 25th: 22' tall and wider than tall. Blooms in May; good autumn leaf color. One of several big old Montlake specimens. From the east USA, S Ontario, and NE México.

18 Small-leaf Gum Eucalypt

(Eucalyptus parvula = E. parvifolia) 24th & Boyer: 43' tall, wider still; Seattle's largest. From Australia. Aromatic evergreen foliage. Bark tan, sloughing off.

19 Sweetgum

(Liquidambar Styraciflua)

24th, N of Boyer: tallest of 4 street-trees is 108'. The same species as in downtown Montlake. From the S and E USA, and México. Leaves starfish-shaped, sweetly aromatic, with attractive fall color.

20 California Live Oak

(Quercus agrifolia)

2161 E Interlaken Blvd. has one 38' tall. Oakland, California, was named for this species, AKA as Coast Live Oak. Montlake's only notable example, a fast-growing relatively young specimen.

21 Deodar Cedar

(Cedrus Deodara)

1859 Boyer has a lofty one 115' tall. [2021 Newton has a massive specimen 83' tall and wide.] From the Himalaya; in Sanskrit its name means *tree of the gods*. Just E of it stands a Japanese Cedar 90' tall from Japan, called *Sugi* (スギ) there.

22 Japanese White Pine

(Pinus parviflora 'Glauca')

2223 Howe: 37' tall, in the back yard, visible from Blaine St. Likely Seattle's finest specimen. In Japan called *Goyo-matsu* (ゴヨウマツ).

23 Mountain Gum Eucalypt

(Eucalyptus Dalrympleana)
2216 Blaine; planted 1992; 130' tall by 2022; the tallest eucalypt in the State. Every summer its bark sloughs off revealing a smooth white trunk. With a bulky native Western White Pine, Pinus monticola.

24 Atlas Cedar

(Cedrus atlantica)

1908 22nd, behind house: 106' tall. From N Africa. Most cultivated examples of this species feature powder-blue foliage paler than this one.

25 Spencer Hollywood Purpleleaf Plum

(Prunus 'Spencer Hollywood')

1520 20th, in back yard, behind hedge, visible from Eaton Place. 20' tall, wider still. Makes loads of good red plums in summer.

26 Ponderosa Pine

(Pinus ponderosa)

Between 2016 & 2004 18th—uphill from Boyer:

108' tall, with a smaller Scots Pine (*Pinus sylvestris*), and a rare male native Pacific Yew, *Taxus brevifolia*. Ponderosa Pine grows in much of the dry West.

27 Thornless Honey-Locust

(Gleditsia triacanthos f. inermis)

Boyer by the Greek Church has 5 street-trees, the tallest 51'. Dainty foliage turns gold in autumn; big seedpods sometimes made. A species of the central and E USA and S Ontario.

28 Sierra Redwood

(Sequoiadendron giganteum)

1916 Blaine: a tree 131' tall planted in the 1970s is notably narrow; 2200 16th has an older tree 123½' tall. AKA Giant Sequoia, from California mountains.

29 Lombardy Poplar

(Populus nigra 'Italica')

St. Demetrios has 30 in a row, the tallest 123' [West Montlake Park has two large old trees left, about 132' tall.] From N Italy, famous for narrow growth form and fluttering folage golden in November.

30 Red Laceleaf Japanese Maple

(Acer palmatum 'Dissectum Atropurpureum') 20th & Lynn: SE corner has one 13' tall, wider still. Purple in spring, bronzy-green in summer, vivid orange in fall. Japanese maple is the most variable tree; Montlake has many kinds, some 40' tall.

31 English Maple

(Acer campestre)

2018 E Newton: an old street-tree 53' tall. A Heritage Tree; from Europe, N Africa and the near East. Turns lovely butter-yellow in November. See #21.

32 Hybrid Dogwood

(Cornus 'Eddie's White Wonder')

2220 22nd: a street-tree 38' tall. Half native and half Eastern USA dogwood. Lovely spring flowers; also good red fall color. All other Montlake hybrid dogwoods are younger and smaller.

33 Eucryphia

(Eucryphia × nymansensis)

2221 Newton: one by a sign is 24' tall. A narrow evergreen, S Hemisphere tree. Masses of attractive white flowers from July into August.

34 Palms

(Trachycarpus Fortunei)

2016 23rd; tallest of several males and females is

27'; also a street-tree Mediterranean Fan Palm, *Chamærops humilis*. For another such see #39.

35 Chinese Pistachio

(Pistacia chinensis)

2052 23rd: 46' tall male specimen. From China, Japan and the Philippines. Brilliant fall color. Likely Seattle's tallest specimen.

36 Hybrid Planetree or Sycamore

(Platanus × hybrida = Platanus × acerifolia) 2056 23rd: two huge old street-trees 82'+ tall—very difficult to measure. Half American Sycamore and half Oriental Planetree. Montlake's largest shade trees. The bark flakes off leaving a patchy trunk.

37 Thundercloud Purpleleaf Plum Tree

(Prunus cerasifera 'Thundercloud')
McGraw, between 23rd & 24th, has 21 street-trees.

Luther Burbank introduced this in 1919: now it

Luther Burbank introduced this in 1919; now it is the most common such tree in North America, including Montlake. Pleasing pink March flowers; summer foliage the color of dried blood.

38 Monkey Tree

(Araucaria Araucana)

22nd & Calhoun: a male 50' tall. From Chile and Argentina mountains. Females make large edible seeds. Montlake has only three large examples of this striking species.

39 Alpine Yellow Gum Eucalypt

(Eucalyptus subcrenulata)

2014 Calhoun: a street-tree planted in 2004, leaning 51½' tall. Also a street-tree palm 11' tall *Chamærops humilis*. See also #34. This yard also has other eucalypts.

40 Forest Pansy Redbud

(Cercis canadensis 'Forest Pansy') 20th & Calhoun: 2 street-trees, tallest 31'. Small pink flowers in April. Leaves heart-shaped, dark purple all summer. Fall color can be a rich blend of red, green, and orange. From Tennessee.

41 Manzanita

(Arctostaphylos Manzanita)

1907 Miller: 21' tall but much wider—the largest manzanita in the city. From California. Wonderful sculpted dark trunk and smooth bark; evergreen leaves. The flowers are small, in nodding clusters, white, in February, March and early April.

42 Saucer Magnolia

(Magnolia × Soulangeana 'Lennei') 1633 Lynn: 25½' tall—largest of its kind in Seattle. This hybrid originated <1850 in Italy. Its April flowers are very large, goblet shaped. thick; deep purple outside, creamy-white inside.

43 Golden Weeping Willow

(Salix × sepulcralis 'Chrysocoma') (Salix × pendulina f. tristis 'Chrysocoma') Boyer & Lynn has one 44' tall, wider still. From 1888 in Germany; a male with catkins to 3 inches long, golden twigs. The most common, largest, prettiest weeping willow.

44 Ginkgo or Maidenhair Tree

(Ginkgo biloba)

Alley W of 18th between McGraw & Lynn (back yard of 1621 McGraw) 51' tall female. Gold in fall.

45 Weeping Juniper

(Juniperus squamata 'Fargesii') 16th & McGraw: NE corner yard, 16' tall, right at corner. Bright green, soft, pendulous foliage.

46 Swedish Columnar Aspen

(Populus tremula 'Erecta') 1632 McGraw: 10, the tallest 63'. From Sweden.

47 Bechtel Crabapple Tree

(Malus ioensis 'Plena')

1820 McGraw. From Illinois, in 1840. Pink blooms in May release delicious sweet violet fragrance.

48 Gray Birch

(Betula populifolia)

Calhoun between 16th & 18th: 4 big old street-trees with 2 European White Birches, tallest 58'. [Hamlin and Shelby also have many birches.]

49 Yoshino Cherry Tree

 $(Prunus \times yedoensis)$

Montlake Playfield along Calhoun has 3 big old trees and over a dozen smaller younger cherry trees of several kinds. In Japan called Somei-yoshino (ソメイヨシノ). The same kind grows at the UW Quad.

50 Black Cottonwood

(Populus balmsamifera ssp. trichocarpa)
The playfield has many of these natives, some towering 150'+ tall—Montlake's tallest trees. Only females make cottony seeds in late spring. All turn pure yellow in November.